

An Integrated Team Toolkit

CCG Meeting No. 17

19th April 2007





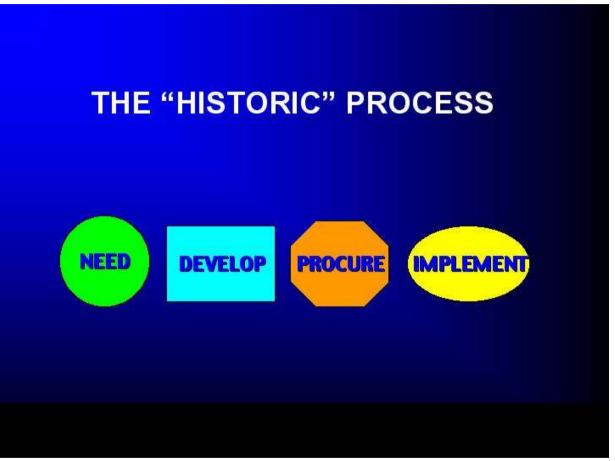
- What is an integrated team
 - Options
- Why Use an Integrated Team
- **How** to choose & establish integrated teams



What?

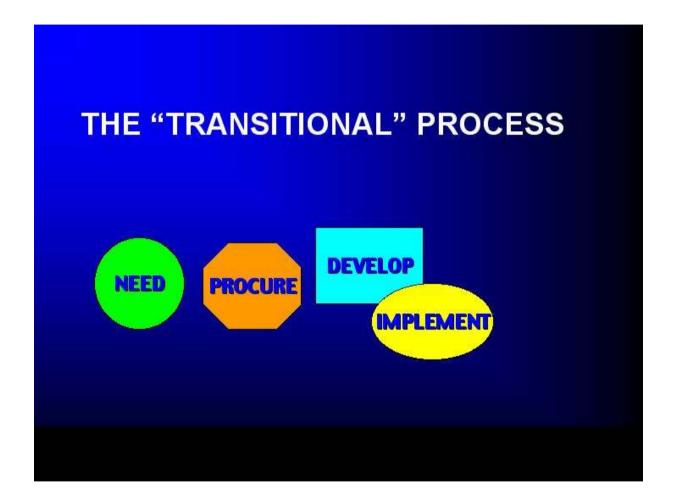


 $\ensuremath{\mathbb C}$ Constructing Excellence NZ Limited





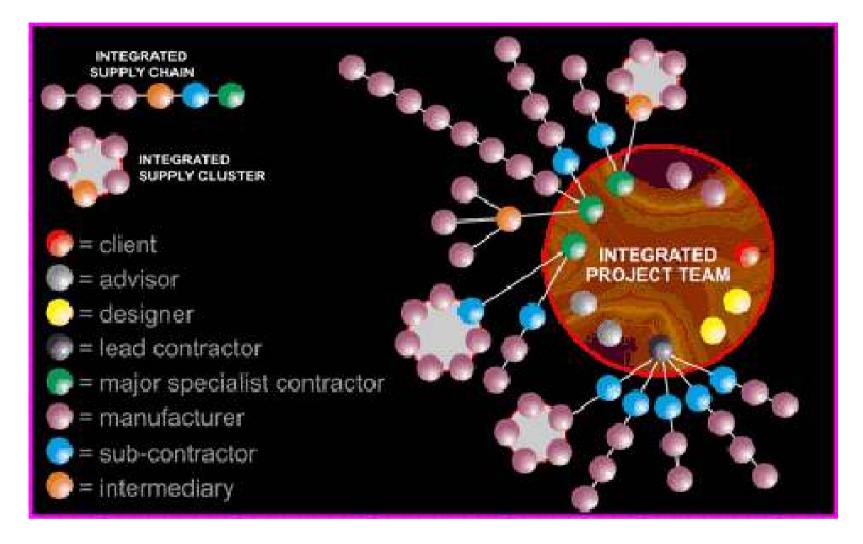














Why?



 $\ensuremath{\mathbb C}$ Constructing Excellence NZ Limited

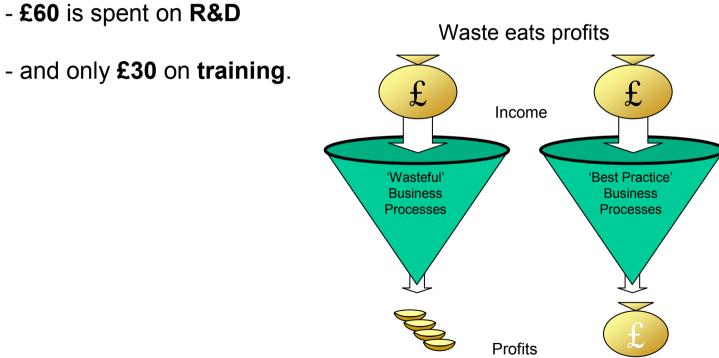
Business as usual

- Tendering & pre-qualifying time and cost to both supplier and client
- 'First time, every time'
- Inconsistent teams and unreliable resourcing
- Lack of shared processes or procedures
- Lack of shared learning
- Individual goals, no shared reward or incentive
- Late payments, retentions and late settlement of final accounts
- Lowest price is rarely lowest cost



Business as usual

- 25% would go bust if creditors called in their debts tomorrow
- For every £100 spent on marketing/tendering





Sample Tendering costs

• £20 Million pa

- 4 tenderers per project
- 3 unsuccessful tenders
- 100 projects
- 4 people x 4 person days per tender @ £250 per day

Therefore:

- 300 tenders x 16 person days x £250 = £1.2 Million
- Who pays for this waste?



- Improved product
- Added value
- Greater predictability
- Focus on sustainability
- Fulfilling environment
- Learning culture



• Improved product

- Outcomes which better meet the original and evolving needs
- Fewer defects in delivery and future operation
- Earlier delivery and improved transition to operation
- Enhanced customer satisfaction
- Quicker concept to completion cycles through improved engagement with supplier
- Improved defect remediation
- More effective decision making facilitated through openly sharing issues, ideas and information.



• Added value

- More appropriate selection in quality and specification to meet the anticipated life span.
- Better balance of capital and revenue investment deployment
- Lower lifecycle cost of ownership
- Appropriate flexibility and adaptability to suite anticipated futures
- Reduced cost of transactions
- Opportunities to benefit from economies of scale and recovery of unnecessary tender costs
- More realistic risk profiles
- Reduced project insurance costs and simpler recovery processes and guarantees



Greater predictability

- Seamless planning and implementation
- Clarity of programme progress
- Minimised risks of misunderstandings
- Avoidance of delays and overspends
- Improved component and material delivery through better scheduling and inventory management
- An open and honest environment capable of eliminating unpleasant surprises
- More certainty in cashflows and less credit needs



• Fulfilling environment

- Safer, more respectful and supportive climate
- Opportunity to be consulted and involved in decisions
- Clarity on levels of empowerment and authority to act
- Culture of mutual enjoyment and success
- Minimised focus on litigation freeing individuals and companies to focus on performance
- Continuity of employment and the opportunity to build long term relationship based on mutual trust



• Learning culture

- Encouraging questioning and challenging to improved understanding
- Opportunity to offer alternatives and to innovate
- Freedom for personal growth and accountability
- Continuously improving processes, methods and outcomes
- Design solutions which are easier to manufacture and construct
- More focused and efficient research and development with reducing development timescales
- Opportunity to learn from own and others mistakes



Waste Impacts on ...

Pay and benefits

Training and career development

Opportunities

Conditions

To be amongst the brightest and the best

Status in the community

Enjoyment



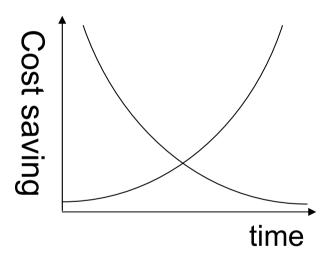
How?



- Integrated supply teams
 - All members of the supply chain
- Long term relationships
 - Early involvement of the whole team

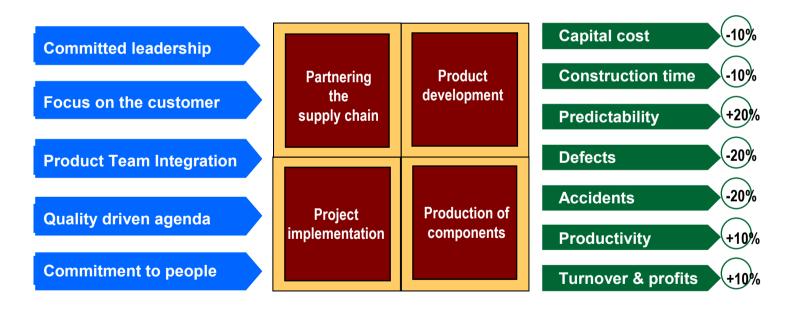


- Integrated supply teams
 - All members of the supply chain
- Long term relationships
 - Early involvement of the whole team
- Investment
 - Creating the culture
 - 360' Measurement
 - Time spent improving the product & process

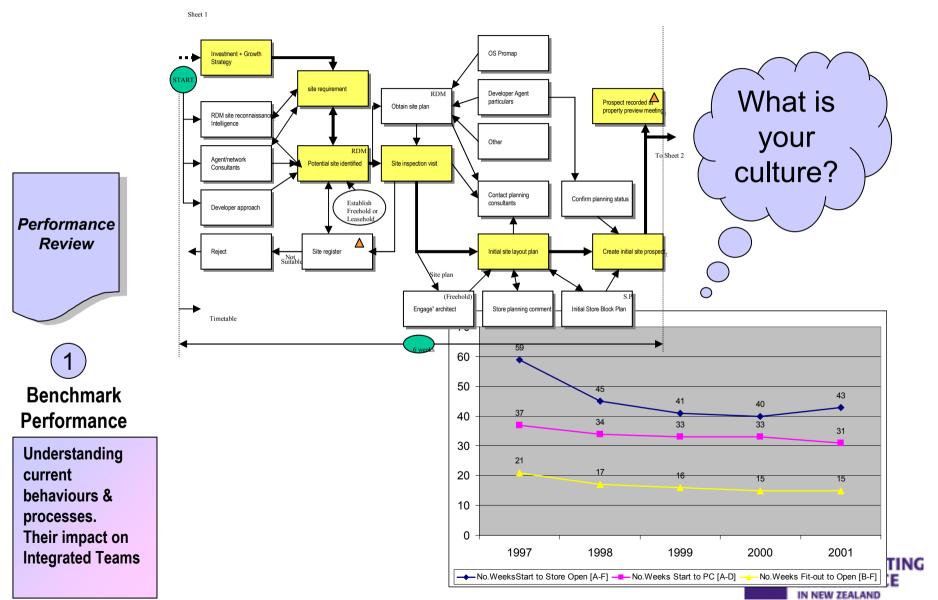


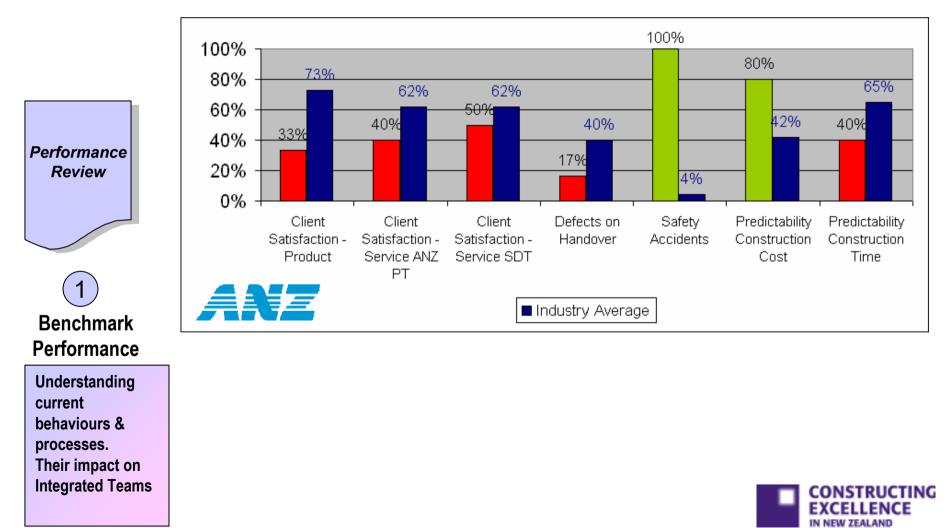


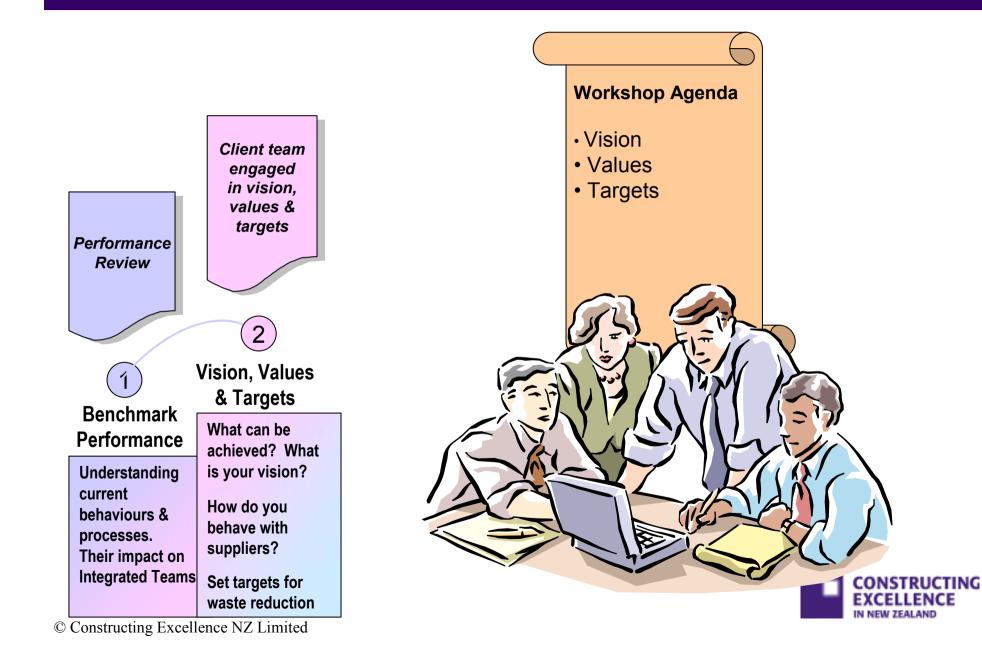
- Investment in
 - Creating the culture
 - Time spent improving the product & process
 - 360' Measurement

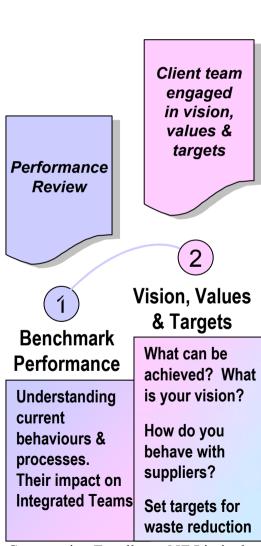










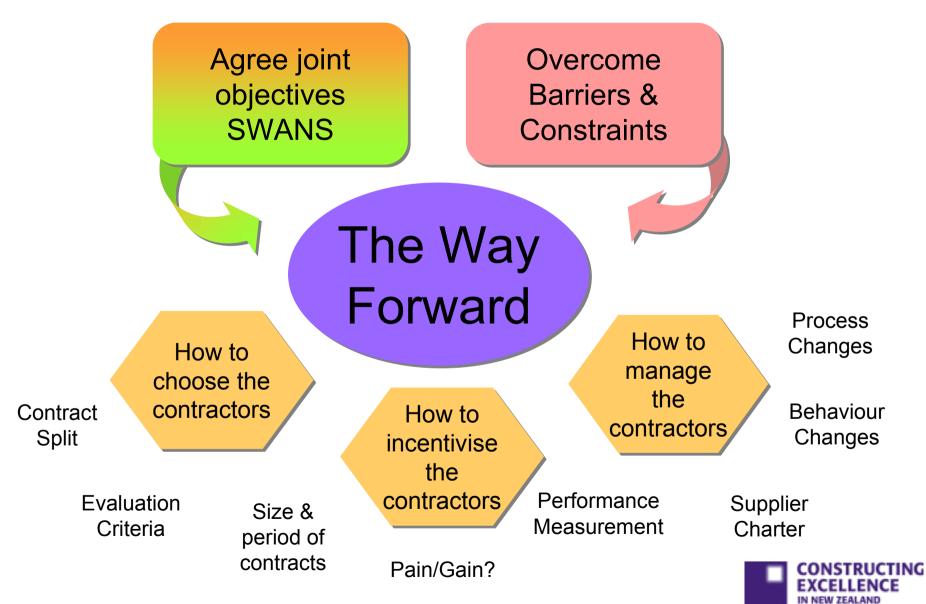


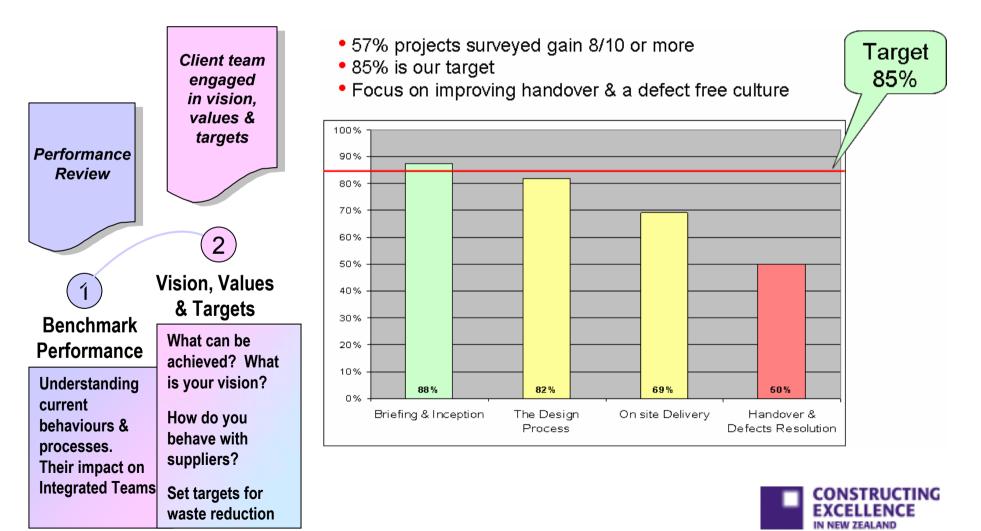
KPI	Measure	HCC Now	Industry*	HCC Target
Client Satisfaction Product	% scoring 8/10 or better	50%	73%	90%
Client Satisfaction Service	% scoring 8/10 or better	57%	65%	85%
Defects	% scoring 8/10 or better	36%	58%	100%
Safety	Mean Accident Incidence rate per 100k employed	No Data	990	300
Predictability Design Cost	% on target or better	17%	63%	85%
Predictability Construction Cost	% on target or better	39%	50%	80%
Predictability Design Time	% on target or better	41%	46%	85%
Predictability Construction Time	% on target or better	36%	61%	85%
Construction Cost	Change compared with one year ago	No Data	+2%	-5%
Construction Time	Change compared with on year ago	No Data	+4%	-15%

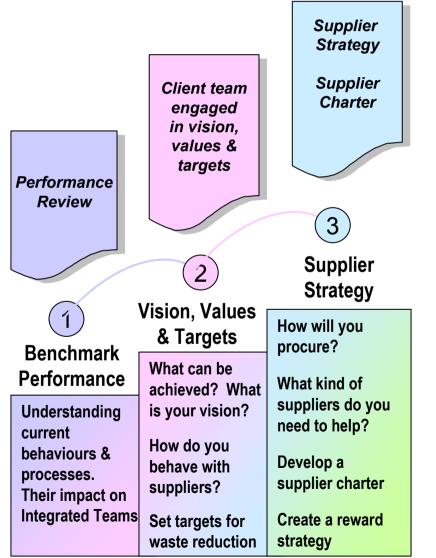
Set Targets to Improve



Workshop Objectives

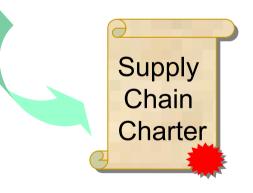






What clients are looking for

- Problem Solvers
- Demonstrable evidence of performance improvement
- Quality of product/service
- Sound business management
- Good interpersonal skills
- Open & honest







What suppliers are looking for

- Early Involvement
- Feedback
- Post Project Review
- Consistent Relationship
- Selection on 'Best Value'
- Better coordination of trades
- More negotiated work
- Open communication
- Knowledge of Forward Workload
- Reduced retentions for mature relationships



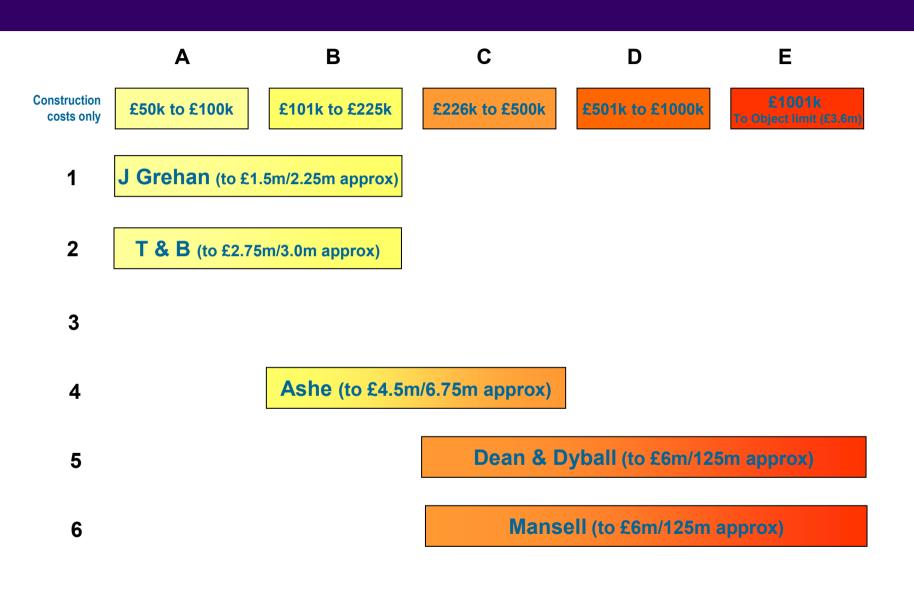
Devising a Procurement Strategy

- How much do you spend?
- How many projects?
- What size & nature?
- How many suppliers will you need?
- What Procurement Route works for you & your suppliers?

Plan to award no more than 25% to 30% of the suppliers Annual Turnover Per annum

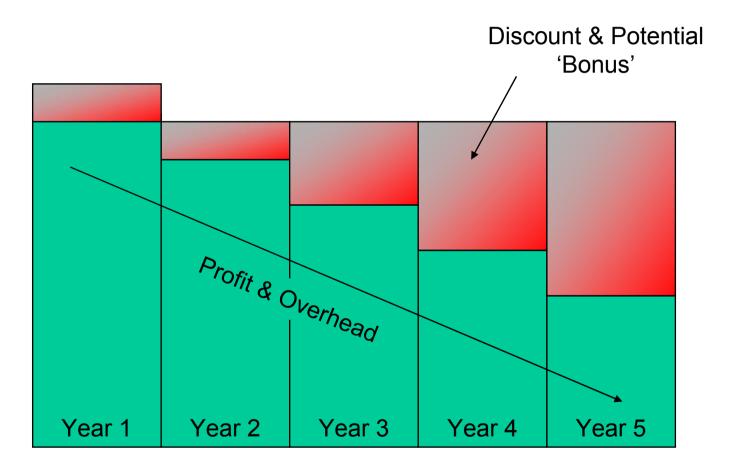


Devising a Procurement Strategy

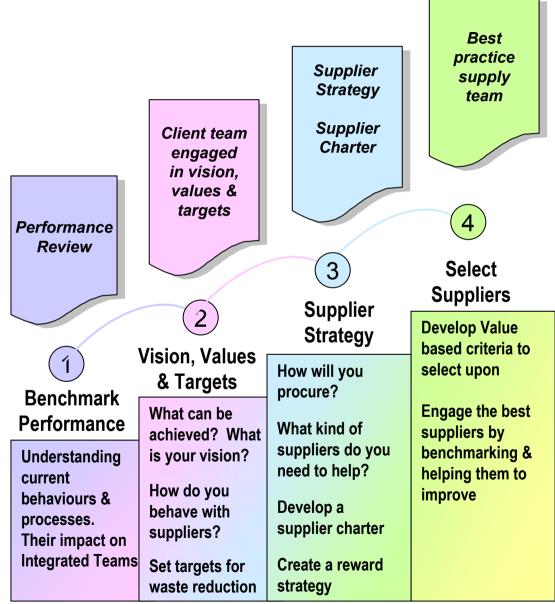




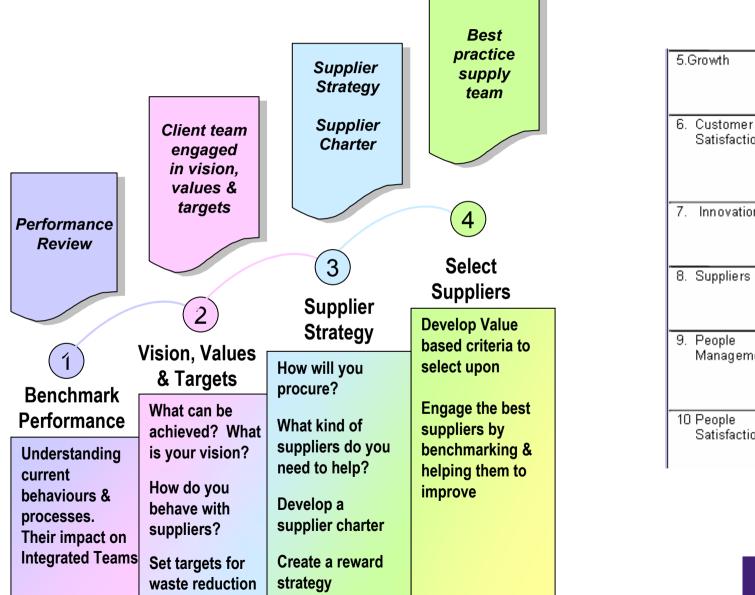
Reward Strategies











 3.
 Satisfaction

 7.
 Innovation

 A↓

 8.
 Suppliers

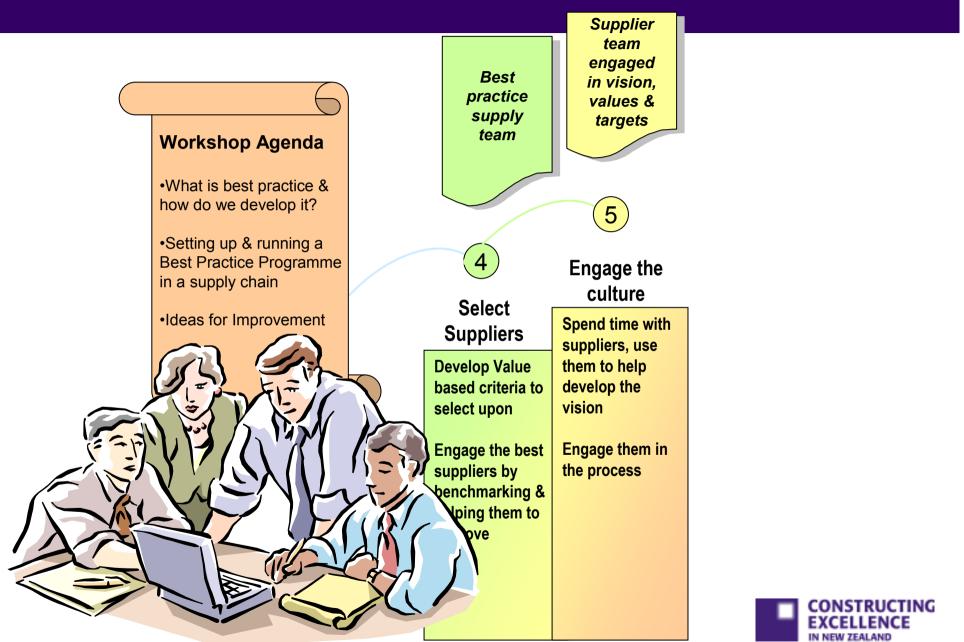
 9.
 People

 Management
 A↓↓

 10
 People

 Satisfaction
 Image: Constraint of the second secon





Objectives, Strategy & Actions

• SWANs Workshop - Stakeholders Wants & Needs (objectives)

	Recipients Sponsors/End User Improvements in:	Delivery Team Designers/Contractors Improvements in:
Product	•Functional Performance	•End user / sponsor involvement
	•Life-Cycle costs	•Ability to Standardise
	Stakeholder satisfaction	•Stakeholder satisfaction
Process	 Delivery in time/cost/quality 	•Visibility of workload
	•Management of	•Earlier involvement
	expectations	•Communication
	•Minimal disruption	•Feedback
	•Speed of response	•Profit
		EXCELLENCE

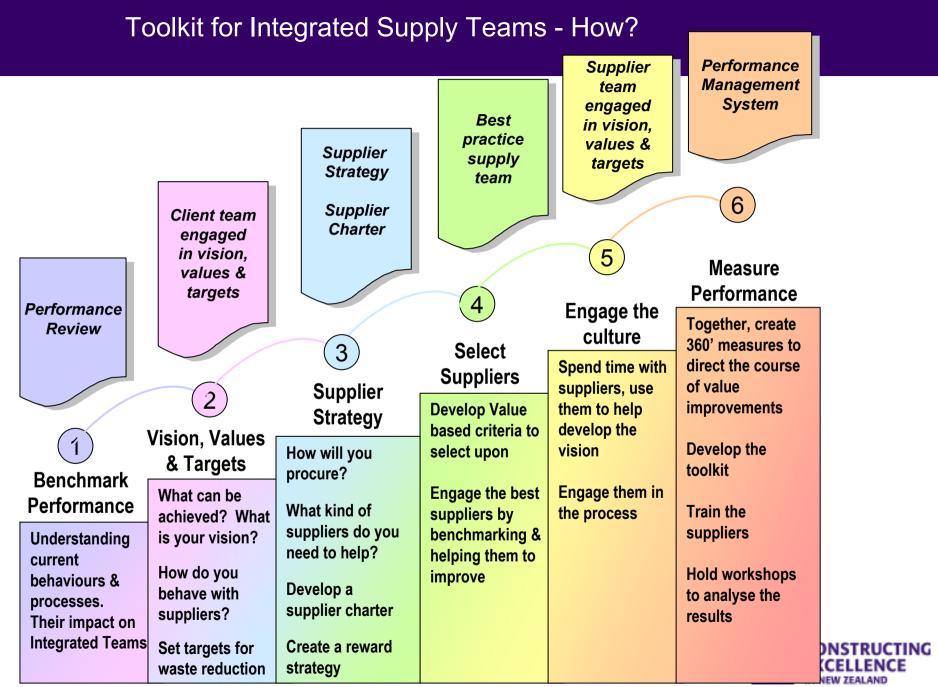
IN NEW ZEALAND

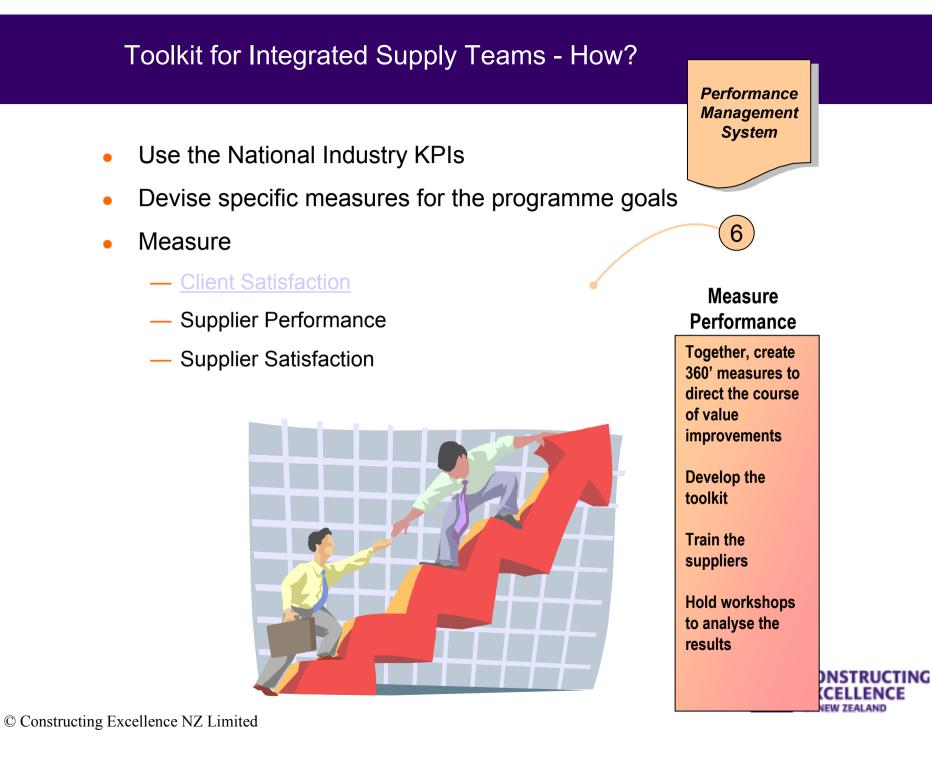
Combined Objectives & Requirements

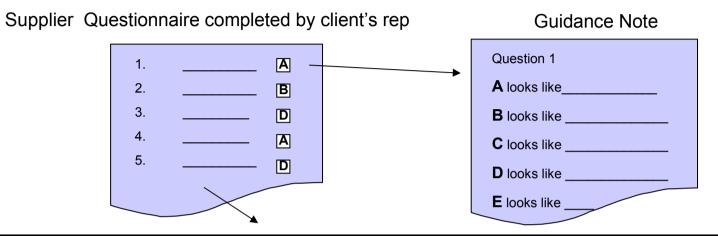
- Improvements in...
- •Functional Performance
- Life-Cycle costs
- •End user/sponsor involvement
- •Ability to standardise
- Stakeholder satisfaction
- •Delivery to time/cost/quality
- Management of expectations
- Minimal disruption
- Speed of response
- Visibility of workload
- Earlier involvement
- •Better Communication
- •Feedback
- •Profit

- Requirements/Actions
 - Follow procedure for Competitive Tender
 - Select an 'appropriate' number of contractors
 - Ensure appropriate skill base
 - Work within existing financial limits (27-33%)
 - Contractors will need to specify supply chain.
 - Evaluate key sub-contractors
 - Ensure appropriate spread of sub-contractors
 - Develop an appropriate evaluation process
 - Incentivise delivery team
 - Understand & benchmark current processes
 - Understand roles and responsibilities
 - Develop Robust Performance Measurement & Benchmarking System
 - Create a joint benchmarking and continuous improvement programme. Develop processes
 - Develop communication plan
 - Market test









Supplier	Project	January	February	March	April	June	July	August	Septem
A	1	40%	40%	4 5%	60%	65%	65%	75%	70%
A	2	50%	55%	55%	55%	60%	70%	70%	75%
A	3	60%	65%	75%	80%	80%	80%	80%	85%
В	1	40%	40%	45%	40%	60%	65%	65%	65%
В	2	50%	55%	55%	60%	60%	70%	70%	65%
С	4	70%	70%	75%	80%	85%	85%	80%	85%
С	5	65%	65%	65%	70%	75%	75%	75%	80%
D	1	40%	40%	50%	50%	50%	45%	40%	45%
D	3	40%	50%	50%	45%	40%	35%	40%	40%
D	5	45%	50%	55%	60%	55%	60%	55%	50%
E	2	60%	65%	65%	70%	65%	70%	70%	75%
E	4	70%	75%	75%	80%	80%	80%	75%	85%
F	1	40%	40%	40%	35%	70%	65%	60%	65%
F	2	60%	65%	60%	60%	70%	70%	70%	70%
F	3	55%	60%	60%	60%	65%	70%	75%	75%

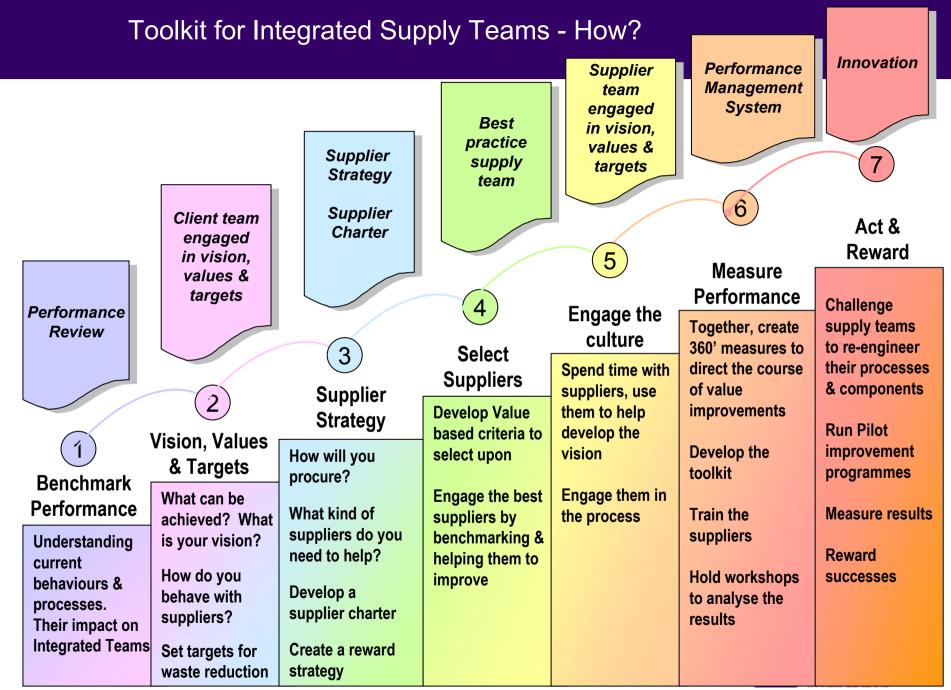
© Constructing Excellence NZ Limited

IN NEW ZEALAND



Pigs don't get fatter just because you weigh them!





Toolkit for Integrated Supply Teams - How? Innovation 7 The Wheel of Improvement 1: Get staff 11: Evaluate, with the team, buy-in how the process is working Act & 12: Modify the and suggest improvements process where Reward 2: Plan the using PIN system appropriate, set process targets & roll out 10: Identify 'Best Practice' issues that should become Challenge company standard supply teams 3: Get the to re-engineer client's buy-in 9: Visit the client to their processes explain what you & components have planned to ACE System 4: Plan the agenda for resolve any issues Closing the Loop the project start-up **Run Pilot** meeting improvement 8: Decide how to resolve issues programmes 5: Get the project team using PIN system together to determine how the project is going to work Measure results 7: Identify gaps or issues that 6: Start the project Reward need to be addressed - using scoring process successes PIN system using KPI-online June 2005 www.lead-edge.co.uk 2

